

ITALIAN ARMIES REPORTED TO BE GAINING ALL ALONG LINE

GERMAN DEAD FILL CELLARS IN HOT FIGHT AT SOUCHEZ

French Who Took Sugar Mill Buried 3,000 and Captured Same Number.

PARIS, June 5.—Cellars filled with German dead were found by the French when they stormed and occupied the big stone sugar mill at Souchez after a week of furious fighting. The official "eye-witness" describing the battle around this point, declared to-day that in the three weeks' fighting north of Arras the French have buried 3,000 Germans and have taken 3,000 prisoners. "Our losses during that period have been only a quarter of those suffered by the enemy," the official statement added.

"Violent attacks on the part of the French," says the report, "from both the west and south were met by a fire of the German batteries and machine guns located on the north side of the refinery. The Germans resisted for some time, but finally were demoralized by the artillery fire of the French and withdrew."

"Pursued after losing a position which would serve as a base for counter attacks at Abain, virtually all of which is in the possession of the French, the Germans made a desperate effort to regain it. Amid destroyed walls and great holes in the ground made by large shells, the Germans began their attack at midnight. In this rapid and confused engagement the French were obliged to withdraw, but a watchful French major prepared rapidly for a counter attack. The French company, which had momentarily yielded, later pushed forward, aided by reinforcements and an intense artillery fire."

"When the French counter attack had attained the refinery it was found that the Germans already had withdrawn, and the position was promptly organized by the French. During this work a non-commissioned officer remained for eight hours at his post directing his men, and in this spite of the fact that he had a splinter from a shell in his thigh."

"The enemy delivered last night three violent counter attacks against the sugar refinery of Souchez and the trenches to the north and to the south of this position. They were repulsed, and in their first effort particularly they suffered heavy losses. We remain masters of every one of the positions conquered by us."

"Last night we also took possession of a German position to the northwest of the refinery, one kilometre (two-thirds of a mile) to the south of Souchez."

"There was great activity last night on the part of the artillery in the entire sector to the north of Arras. Along the remainder of the front there is nothing new."

GERMAN PAPERS WARN PEOPLE UNITED STATES MAY JOIN THEIR FOES.

LONDON, June 5.—"The German newspapers," says the Exchange Telegraph's Amsterdam correspondent, "while admitting that the fall of Przemysl is a satisfactory achievement, warn the public against attaching exaggerated importance to it, declaring that this event is overshadowed in importance by the threatened situation created by the attitude of the United States, Roumania and Bulgaria."

"Private messages from Berlin are pessimistic, and a rupture with the three countries is feared at an early date."

BERLIN SAYS AIRSHIPS' ATTACK ON CROWN PRINCE KILLED SEVERAL MEN.

LONDON, June 5.—A Reuter despatch from Amsterdam says telegrams from Berlin state that the aerial attack made by French aviators on the headquarters of the German Crown Prince resulted in several men being killed by bombs, but that otherwise it was unsuccessful.

A French statement issued June 3 said twenty-nine aeroplanes bombarded the headquarters of the Crown Prince the morning of that day. They were said to have dropped 178 shells, many of which reached the mark, and several thousand darts.

FAMILY OF GRAND DUKE CONSTANTINE HIT AGAIN; SON-IN-LAW IS KILLED.

LONDON, June 5.—The Morning Post in a message from Petrograd says: "The war has struck another blow at the family of Grand Duke Constantine, who already has lost his son. At the front during the recent fighting in Galicia Prince Bagration-Mouchransky, who in 1911 married Princess Tatiana, eldest daughter of the Grand Duke, fell at the head of his squadron. He was twenty-five years old."

"Duke of Devonshire is Admiralty Civil Lord."

LONDON, June 5.—The Duke of Devonshire has been appointed Civil Lord of the Admiralty, replacing Lord Jellicoe, who has retired.

Berlin War Office Admits the Success of the French Troops.

BERLIN (via wires to London), June 5.—The War Office admitted this afternoon that French troops have "temporarily occupied" the ruins of the Souchez sugar mill, around which desperate fighting has been proceeding for several days.

Following is the text of the German War Office report: "There has been further fighting for possession of the remainder of the sugar refinery at Souchez. For the time being it is again in possession of the French."

"The enemy's attack at Neuville has been repulsed."

"The airship station at Lommartout near Nancy was bombarded yesterday."

RESERVISTS SAIL, CHEERED AT PIER BY MANY ITALIANS

Ernesto Nathan, Ex-Mayor of Rome, Also a Passenger on Liner for Naples.

The Italian steamship Duca degli Abruzzi sailed from West Thirtieth Street to-day for Gibraltar and Naples, with 500 reservists in the steerage and many officers in the first and second cabins. The pier and the streets around it were filled with crowds of men and women from the Italian quarters of the city, cheering and singing. Their salutes were answered by the reservists who swarmed over the forward deck and on the mast.

Among the passengers was Ernesto Nathan, ex-Mayor of Rome and Italian Commissioner General to the Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco. He said he had expected that Italy would go to war to repatriate the provinces which Austria had taken from her. He was accompanied by Ettore Ferrari and his son Bruno, the painter and other members of the commission. They said they were sorry the war had cut short their stay in this country.

Marquis Antonello di Campo, whose home is in England, said that he was going back to fight. Before coming to the United States seven months ago he applied for and received appointment to his old rank as captain in the Third Savoy Lancers. He has asked to be sent to the front with the regiment.

"Germany is not at war with Italy yet," he said, "but she cannot stay out. She will be forced in. And the day Germany enters the war 550,000 Italian soldiers of the first line will start for the trenches in Belgium. They are equipped and trained and waiting on the plains of Turin."

"Italy did not want to take part in this war until the snow was out of the masses of the Alps. That was the reason it was so long delayed. I knew seven months ago I would be called in May. The big movement in this war will come in July. It will make all the fighting of the present seem like skirmishing. Germany is already beaten; she is fighting for terms now."

ITALIANS' MEETING HALL IS WRECKED BY BOMB

Gathering Place of Reservists Is Target for Explosives Early To-Day.

A bomb wrecked the entrance of No. 170 Sullivan Street at 4 o'clock this morning. The entrance leads to a hall where, for several days, there have been meetings of Italian reservists making arrangements to go home and join the colors.

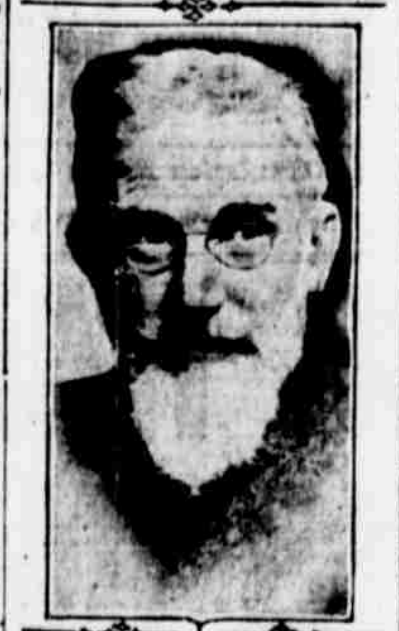
The building has a brown stone front and formerly was a residence. An Italian restaurant occupies the basement, and the reservists' meeting place is on the parlor floor. The bomb broke the doors and shattered several windows, doing about \$50 damage.

There was considerable excitement following the explosion and many Italians told the police they thought a German longshoreman was responsible.

Physician Pleads Guilty.

Dr. Henry J. Schleron, who was arrested in the recent round-up of quack doctors by the police and the County Medical Society, pleaded guilty in Special Sessions yesterday to a charge of practicing medicine without a license. His sentence was deferred until June 11. Two of his assistants pleaded guilty to maintaining a public nuisance and were remanded for sentence.

BERNARD SHAW'S LIFE MENACED IN ENGLAND. REPORT IN GERMANY.



GEORGE BERNARD SHAW...

LONDON, June 5.—According to the Chronicle, Herr Treibich, George Bernard Shaw's German translator, has written to the Westliche Zeitung to say that he has heard that Shaw, owing to his friendly attitude to Germany, is being threatened and persecuted in London and is no longer sure of his life.

His home is closed to all visitors, as there is reasonable ground to believe that an attempt will be made on his life.

CAVALRY BACKS WARNING GIVEN TO WARRING MEXICANS

Border Patrol Strengthened to Enforce Order Against Menacing American Lives.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., June 5.—Warnings issued to Villa Commanders Trujillo and Urbalejo by Col. C. M. O'Connor that an attack on Agua Prieta would endanger American lives and property on this side of the boundary line have been followed by a heavy increase in the United States border patrol. Additional troops of the Ninth Cavalry took up stations to-day east and west of here.

It is reported that forces under Gen. Trujillo, Urbalejo and Soza are gradually closing in to invest Agua Prieta. The Carranza garrison is strengthening fortifications.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—More than 30,000 Mexicans have been fed at Monterey, from supplies arriving from the United States. More than 7,000 starving people were supplied with corn yesterday alone at the American Hospital. Gen. Davila, Zertuche and Santos have expressed to Consul General Hanna thanks to President Wilson, the American Red Cross and the American people for the assistance. The Consul General made another appeal to-day for corn, beans and rice.

Advices received here from Vera Cruz saying that Carranza would reply favorably to President Wilson's statement calling upon the heads of the warring factions in Mexico to restore peace in the southern republic and to recognize the administration of Carranza to-day of an ultimate solution of the problem.

Carranza is the first one of the heads of the contending factions to be heard from directly. He has accepted the President's warning. Officials have heard indirectly from Gen. Villa through his representatives that he was favorable to the President's proposal.

Carranza's reply, it was said, was being prepared by Jesus Urutia, Constitutional President of Mexico, and would be delivered to John P. Sullivan, President Wilson's personal representative in Mexico, probably by Monday. The reply, the advices said, would be "appreciative, friendly and serene" in tone. Carranza, it was said, intended to interpret the President's warning as a tacit hint that he was the man best fitted to assume ascendancy in Mexico and most likely to receive recognition by Washington once the Constitutionalists return to Mexico City.

The Carranza statement will be in the nature of a legal brief representing that Carranza has never departed from the original purpose of the revolution, that he is the majority's choice and that as a matter of fact, the United States should recognize his regime while the Constitutional Government of Mexico is in exile.

Although the President is not expected to do this, it is thought he will not be the slightest objection to him as a candidate for President at a Constitutional election.

Dependent, Youth Hangs Himself.

Jacob Lesser, twenty-three, a clothes presser out of a job, living at No. 19 St. Mark's Place with his parents and five brothers and sisters, of whom he was the oldest, hanged himself from a beam in a rooming house with a clothline while his dependent body was discovered when the rooming man's father went to awaken him to go out and look for a job. He had been going regularly for the past five months. The family of eight lives in four rooms, but Robert heard Jacob get up or make the arrangements for his self execution.

ITALIANS SHELL ROVERETO WITH GUNS THEY CAPTURED

Advance on the Fortified Austrian Town From Two Directions—Heights Taken.

ROME, June 5.—The battle for Rovereto has begun. Italian Alpini and Bersaglieri are advancing on the Austrian fortress town from the south and the southeast. Austrian guns captured when the Italians took Mount Zugna have begun bombarding the city from a great height.

A second Italian army is co-operating. It is making its way along the Adige to the attack upon Rovereto. It is making its way along the mountain paths overlooking Val Ansa, scaling heights and capturing Austrian positions with little resistance. The advance guard of this second force is less than eight miles from Rovereto.

Elsewhere the fighting centres upon the slopes of Montere. An official report from Gen. Cadorna to-day said that the battle for the ridge continues, with the losses on both sides heavier than in any other action of the Austro-Italian war. The Italians are making progress, but the character of the enemy defenses makes it necessary to sacrifice lives.

Swollen mountain streams to some extent continue to hinder operations in the mountains, but the rainfall has ceased.

RUSSIAN FRONT UNBROKEN BEFORE DRIVE ON LEMBERG

Stubborn Stand Made as Teutons Advance from Przemysl.

LONDON, July 5.—The Austro-German forces have pushed their salient as far as Tulkha, which is some distance northeast of Przemysl. Notwithstanding the evacuation of this fortress, the Russians have maintained an unbroken fighting front on both sides of the railroad to Lemberg.

Thus far the Austrians and Germans apparently have made little progress since the taking of Przemysl, although an Austrian official report states that the Russians have been driven east to the vicinity of Medyk.

PETROGRAD, June 5 (via London).—It is claimed by the War Office that the Germans doubled their forces operating on their southeastern front during the Galician advance, and that fresh troops and artillery are still being sent in. Most of these reinforcements are being directed toward Tulkha, this having become the Russian left flank on this side of the abandonment of Przemysl the chief point of the Austro-German attack.

The movement of the German centre would appear to have been stopped ten miles to the east of Przemysl, and the elimination of the irregularities of the Russian alignment has, according to Russian military experts, advantageously shortened their front from fifty to fifteen miles.

The front line from Gussagow to Volodya previously received its length and its irregularity because of the necessity of including the ring of the Przemysl forts. Then it was fifty miles long. Now it is a straight line between the two points and not more than 15 miles long.

With this centre of the Galician operations marking time, the Germans are described here as being forced back on their extreme left near the Lower San and as advancing toward the Dniester fortifications on their right. This gives the situation as a whole the character of a slow pivoting movement, with Przemysl as the centre.

BERLIN (via The Hague), June 5.—Kaiser Wilhelm to-day arrived at the Galician headquarters of the Austrian Archduke Frederick and received a tremendous ovation from the Austro-German armies.

The Kaiser had planned the trip by motor to celebrate the birthday of the Austrian archduke. His arrival on the heels of the Austro-German victory at Przemysl aroused the greatest enthusiasm.

At a luncheon attended by many Austrian and German officers the Kaiser proposed a toast to the success of the combined armies.

"With the right on our side, we are sweeping on to victory," he declared amid cheers.

Reports from the Galician front indicate that the Austro-German troops are now in complete possession of all parts of Przemysl. The Russians contested stubbornly each advance, but they were driven from the eastern and southeastern fronts, the last to fall.

It is generally admitted that the larger part of the Russian forces in Przemysl was able to effect a retreat eastward by defending the positions toward the south. This checked the attacking army of Gen. von Biehm-Birnolli and temporarily prevented the complete circling of the city.

Immediately after the occupation of Przemysl Gen. von Mackensen's army pressed eastward. It encountered the Russian rear guards on the heights near Medyka, where fighting is still in progress.

The only serious opposition expected will probably be offered near the Grodek Lakes, south of Lemberg, where the Russians may be able to throw in reserves.

William Smith, Betrayed by Pals, Admits Career of Crime, Police Say.

LEARNED TO ROB SAFES.

Tells of Plot to Steal \$200,000 Necklace From New York Home.

In William Smith, who is in the Tombs under \$5,000 bail charged with bringing stolen jewelry into this State, the police declare they have a college-bred burglar who deliberately took up a life of crime because he thought it would be more profitable than a life of earnest endeavor. The young man says he comes of a prominent New York family and was born and reared in this city. His conversation shows he has had a good education.

Smith was arrested a week ago in Newark on information supplied the police from a mysterious source, that he had robbed Mrs. George Richards of Media, Pa., of jewelry worth \$5,000 Feb. 12. He confessed the robbery, it is stated, and implicated Joseph Cooney, who was arrested in Morris town, and a Jeweller of this city.

"I know how they came to get me," the detectives say Smith told them. "After the Pennsylvania job I located in Newark, but came to New York every few days. Through a fence here I got in with a gang of thieves. In training myself for burglary I worked nine months for a burglar alarm concern, and I can dodge alarm wires and open safes."

"They had plans of the home of Clarence C. Pell at No. 169 East Sixty-fourth Street and told me to go in a safe in that house there was a necklace worth \$200,000. They had watched the place for weeks and had found that at a certain time on certain afternoons there was only one woman servant in the house. I was to go there with one of the gang, he was to overpower the servant and I was to open the safe and get the necklace."

"I went up and looked over the ground and refused to go in on the job because it was too risky. They begged and pleaded with me and when they finally found I wouldn't work with them they sent a letter to the police and turned me up."

In the loot taken from the home of Mrs. Richards was an antique Egyptian necklace. Smith gave it to a girl he met here. The girl was located to-day on Long Island and turned over to Detectives Fennelly and Oliver not only the necklace but a diamond ring and a pearl ring which she said she had received from Smith.

Can't Send Cable to Kaiser.

Dr. G. E. Seyfarth, John Borwing and Dr. Bernard Quentner, the committee appointed by the Arion Society of Brooklyn to send a cablegram to the German Emperor, giver of the silver shield won by the Arion singers at the recent Northeastern Seagambund, learned yesterday that it was impossible to communicate with the Kaiser at present.

Two Injured Aviators May Die.

CHICAGO, June 5.—Vincent Durry and Frank Touth, aviators, were in a critical condition to-day as a result of falling 300 feet while testing a new bi-plane yesterday. They were buried under the wrecked machine and suffered internal injuries which physicians said probably would prove fatal. Durry was a former pupil of Lincoln Beachey.

COLLEGE STUDENT CHOOSES BURGLARY AS HIS PROFESSION

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COURT HOLDS SIX AS WIRETAPPERS OF GONDORF GANG

Detectives Look for Others in Swindle That Cost O'Reilly \$17,400.

CAUGHT BY A RUSE.

Dupe, Disguised as a "Rube," Aided Police in Hunt for Sharpers.

Fred Gondorf and the five men arrested with him on the charge of swindling William J. O'Reilly of \$17,400 by the "wire-tapping game" were held to-day in the Yorkville Court by Magistrate Cornell. O'Reilly, a prosperous Toronto builder, was out during the day with the detectives looking for more who, he says, were in the swindle. They expect to catch three or four before to-morrow.

Each of the six prisoners is held in \$15,000 for swindling O'Reilly of \$10,000 on April 10 and in \$10,000 bail for relieving him of \$1,400 on April 27. Gondorf is already under \$25,000 bail on a charge of swindling Duncan Curry, ex-Comptroller of Winnipeg, of \$4,000 by the wire tapping process. He is to be tried on Wednesday before Judge Swann in the General Sessions.

His brother, called "The King of the Wire-Tappers," is now in Sing Sing. The other prisoners are: James Fitzgerald, fifty-seven, salesman, known as "Old Fitz," living at the Colonial Hotel, One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street and Eighth Avenue.

John Morris, seventy, salesman, known as "Deafy Morris," living at the Endicott Hotel, Eighty-first Street and Columbus Avenue.

Henry Miller, thirty, salesman, known as "Dutch Schultz," living at No. 240 West Thirty-ninth Street. James W. Ryan, forty, clerk, known as "The Dutch Kid" and "The Postal Kid," manufacturer, living at No. 105 West Sixtieth Street.

George Mitchell, thirty-four, clerk, known as "The Kentucky Gentleman," living at No. 246 West Fifty-first Street. O'Reilly's story to the police was as follows: "Early in March I went to Buffalo on business, and while there met a real estate dealer, who introduced me to a man who called himself Charles Douglas, who told me that his brother Harry was manager of the Western Union Telegraph office in New York and that he was in position to make a fortune on the races."

"I came to New York and met Douglas and the real estate man in front of the Manhattan Hotel and we all went down and met Harry Douglas as he was coming out of the Western Union Building. Next we went to dinner and then to a house in West Forty-seventh Street. The back parlor was fitted up with telephones and wires to get the returns. I bet \$100 and won \$100. Then I went back to Canada, but on April 10 I was in New York again, and again I met Harry Douglas. I bet \$10,000 this time and lost. Harry Douglas bet \$1,500 on the same horse and asserted when he had lost that some one had played him false."

"I was back in New York again on April 29 and this time lost \$7,400. In all I had dropped \$17,800."

Detective Daly was told by O'Reilly made up as a "rube" and steer him through the Tenderloin in search of the men who got his money. Daly took him to a "beauty parlor" and had him disguised so his own family wouldn't know him. His face was covered with a "hay-seed" enamel so thick that when taken to lunch O'Reilly couldn't even chew soft boiled eggs and had to inhale them, according to the detective. On his chin was a phony growth of whiskers that would have made a champion alfaifa raise an eyebrow.

As O'Reilly walked up Broadway, with instructions to shake hands with any man he met who was in the crowd that "trimmed" him, detectives followed. In this way the prisoners were rounded up.

ROUMANIA HOLDS BACK, BERLIN NOW CLAIMS

Russia Reported to Have Refused to Make Concessions Demanded.

BERLIN, via The Hague, June 5.—The allies have failed in their efforts to induce Roumania to follow Italy into the war. Russia and Roumania have been unable to come to terms and private advices received here to-day indicate that the threat of a Roumanian invasion of Austrian territory has been removed, temporarily at least.

Russia, according to reports brought here, refused to accede to some of Roumania's territorial demands. The pressure of England and France and finally of the Italian King failed to move the Czar, and Roumania is reported to have ended the negotiations. The Berlin newspapers rejected to-day over the failure of the allies' diplomatic efforts.

"The defeat of the attempt to get Roumania into the war is a greater Austro-German victory than the capture of Przemysl," said the Lokal Anzeiger.

First Criminal Action Against a R. R. Official.

John J. Dempsey, superintendent of transportation of the elevated lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system, was put on trial to-day before Magistrate Dodd in the Fifth Avenue Court, Brooklyn, charged with failing to obey an order of the Public Service Commission to stop express trains on the Fifth Avenue elevated line at Third Street. It is the first criminal action against an officer of the railroad initiated by the Commission. After hearing Dulcie Herve, Commissioner Hayward's testimony the case was adjourned until next week.

Boyd Is Bates Captain.

LEWISTON, Me., June 5.—William Boyd of Norwich, Conn., was elected captain of the Bates College track team to-day. He is a member of the junior class, a relay runner and a quarter-miler.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 \$4.00 \$4.50 & \$5.00 Shoes

There are many novel and pleasing effects in our shoes. We have a new line which you will not find in any other make. It will pay you to call and see the many new styles this season.

STORES IN GREATER NEW YORK

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